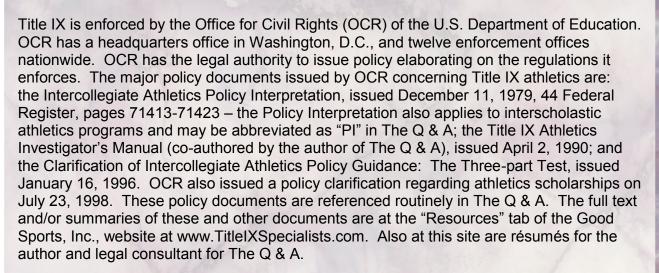
## TITLE IX QUICK REFERENCE

"Title IX" refers to Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972. Title IX is a federal law that prohibits sex discrimination in education programs – including athletics programs – that receive federal funds. The Title IX statute became law on June 23, 1972. The regulation implementing the statute went into effect July 21, 1975. The Title IX statute is at 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681-88 (20 United States Code, sections 1681 to 1688). The Title IX regulation is at 34 C.F.R. (Code of Federal Regulations) Part 106. The Title IX regulatory provisions addressing athletics programs are at 34 C.F.R. § 106.41 and 34 C.F.R. § 106.37(c) (athletic scholarships). Other sections of the Title IX regulation may be relevant to some aspects of athletics program operations. Title IX covers the following 13 major athletics program components:

- 1. Accommodation of interests and abilities (includes the three-part test)
- 2. Athletic financial assistance
- 3. Equipment and supplies
- 4. Scheduling of games and practice times
- 5. Travel and per diem allowances
- 6. Tutoring
- 7. Coaching
- 8. Locker rooms, practice and competitive facilities
- 9. Medical and training facilities and services
- 10. Housing and dining facilities and services
- 11. Publicity
- 12. Support services (administrative and clerical support, office space and equipment)
- 13. Recruitment of student-athletes



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